TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

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Barford, Williams, Joly & Starkevich

Chartered Professional Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of council of the Town of Edson

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Town of Edson (the Organization), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus, net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated results of its operations, changes in accumulated surplus, net financial assets and cashflows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Town of Edson (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
 Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Barford, Williams Joly & Starkevich

Edson, Alberta April 18, 2023

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2022

2022 2021 **FINANCIAL ASSETS** Cash and temporary investments (Note 2) \$ 37,152,997 \$ 32,899,513 Receivables Property taxes (Note 3) 752,276 797,619 Trade and other receivables (Note 4.) 3,187,694 2,995,880 Land held for resale 1,163,108 1,163,108 Inventory held for resale 1,625 1,136 Long term investments (Note 5.) 4,125,944 4,167,544 Other financial assets 237,510 32,484 Other long term assets 200,000 300,000 46,821,154 42,357,284 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,685,436 2,805,892 **Deposit liabilities** 670.644 652,963 Deferred revenue (Note 6) 8,868,467 7,925,778 Provision for landfill closure (Note 7) 1,797,860 1,797,860 Other long-term liabilities 647,609 146,095 Long term debt (Note 8) 10,496,713 11,585,883 25,149,048 24,932,152 **NET FINANCIAL ASSETS** 21,672,106 17,425,132 **NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS** Tangible capital assets(schedule 1) 115,485,649 113,226,855 Prepaid expenses 73,551 63,986 Inventory for consumption 911,407 743,236 116,470,607 114,034,077 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 11) \$138,142,713 \$131,459,209

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 17, 18)

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget (Unaudited)	2022	2021
REVENUE			
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 2)	\$ 12,611,961	\$ 12,605,513	\$ 12,011,104
Government operating transfers (Schedule 3)	6,644,023	6,912,587	6,266,323
User fees and sales of goods	6,066,859	5,719,918	5,340,620
Investment income	178,000	638,838	135,895
Penalties and costs on taxes	155,000	148,759	158,104
Licenses and permits	94,900	71,278	79,399
Fines	1,281,000	978,969	1,517,437
Franchise fees	1,048,900	1,008,126	887,177
Rentals	743,525	678,120	496,638
Development levies	-	202,134	4,719
Contributions - operating	-	-	100,000
Other	19,500	70,544	2,046,822
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	-	69,927	-
West Yellowhead Regional Waste Management			
Authority		883,803	509,772
	28,843,668	29,988,516	29,554,010
EXPENSES Legislative General administration Protective services Roads, streets, and equipment Utilities Public health and welfare Planning and development Recreation and parks Culture	470,550 3,046,460 5,051,133 6,415,219 5,832,853 784,815 976,770 4,995,725 764,487 28,338,012	328,929 2,736,207 5,415,075 6,183,573 5,808,395 746,477 620,715 4,355,560 758,945 26,953,876	323,693 2,655,215 4,959,202 6,252,750 5,510,118 675,388 405,213 3,983,586 744,220 25,509,385
			-,,
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	505,656	3,034,640	4,044,625
OTHER INCOME Government capital transfers (Schedule 3)	24,968,622	3,648,864	2,142,764
	27,300,022		
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	25,474,278	6,683,504	6,187,389
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	131,459,209	131,459,209	125,271,820
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$156,933,487	\$138,142,713	\$131,459,209

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ι	Jnrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in TCA	2022	2021
BALANCE - BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$	1,090,319	\$ 28,727,918	\$101,640,972	\$131,459,209	\$125,271,820
Excess of revenue over expenses		6,683,504	-	-	6,683,504	6,187,389
Unrestricted funds designated for future use		(8,017,714)	8,017,714	-	-	-
Restricted funds used for operations		2,222,092	(2,222,092)	-	-	-
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets		-	(2,661,678)	2,661,678	-	-
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets		(3,817,225)	-	3,817,225	-	-
Disposal of tangible capital assets		74,144	-	(74,144)	-	-
Annual amortization expense		4,145,965	-	(4,145,965)	-	-
Long term debt repaid		(1,089,170)	-	1,089,170	-	
BALANCE - END OF PERIOD	\$	1,291,915	\$ 31,861,862	\$104,988,936	\$138,142,713	\$131,459,209

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget	2022	2021
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	<u>\$ 25,474,278</u>	\$ 6,683,504	\$ 6,187,389
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	- (32,681,192) - 4,002,500	72,970 (69,927) (6,478,903) 71,100 4,145,965	8,547 - (4,644,447) - 4,097,088
Change in supplies inventory Change in prepaid assets	(28,678,692) 	(2,258,795) (168,170) (9,565)	(538,812) (199,997) 135,698
		(177,735)	(64,299)
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	(3,204,414)	4,246,974	5,584,278
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	17,425,132	17,425,132	11,840,854
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,220,718	\$ 21,672,106	\$ 17,425,132

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess of revenue over expenses Items not affecting cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$ 6,683,504 4,145,965 72,970	\$ 6,187,389 4,097,088 8,547
Gain on sale of tangible capital assets	(69,927) 10,832,512	
Changes in non-cash working capital: Property taxes receivable Trade and other receivables Inventory held for resale Inventory for consumption Prepaid expenses Other financial assets Other long term assets Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities Deferred revenue Other long-term liabilities	45,343 (191,814) (489) (168,171) (9,565) (205,026) 100,000 (120,455) (17,681) 942,689 501,514	46,753 388,261 (146) (199,997) 135,698 (13,969) - 332,119 (84,194) 2,616,241 7,855
Cash flow from operating activities	<u>876,345</u> 11,708,857	<u>3,228,621</u> 13,521,645
INVESTING ACTIVITY Purchase of long term investments	41,600	(4,167,544)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of long term debt Purchase of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	(1,089,170) (6,478,903) 71,100	
Cash flow used by financing activities	(7,496,973)	(5,704,762)
INCREASE IN CASH FLOW	4,253,484	3,649,339
Cash - beginning of year	32,899,513	29,250,174
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 2)	\$ 37,152,997	\$ 32,899,513

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 1) Year Ended December 31, 2022

Engineered Machinery Land Structures & Equipment Vehicles 2022 2021 Land Improvements Buildings COST BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 9,935,403 \$ 20,745,405 \$ 18,768,159 \$126,317,424 \$ 15,087,775 \$ 3,209,052 **\$194,063,218** \$189,535,215 Acquisition of tangible capital assets 20,996 306,811 1,958,643 412,682 67,225 2,766,357 4,644,447 Construction in progress 501,575 931,821 2,279,150 3,712,546 Disposal of tangible capital assets (11.869)(42,532)(170.900)(388, 347)(43.686)(657, 334)(116, 444)BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 9,935,403 \$ 21,256,107 \$ 19,964,259 \$130,384,317 \$ 15,112,110 \$ 3,232,591 **\$199,884,787** \$194,063,218 ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ \$ 9,643,105 \$ 7,902,748 \$ 54,020,299 \$ 7,150,393 \$ 2,119,818 \$ 80,836,363 \$ 76,847,172 Annual amortization 769.010 396.335 1.987.075 858.958 134.587 4,097,088 4,145,965 Accumulated amortization on disposals (8.605)(157.268)(376.307)(41.010)(583.190)(107, 897)--BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ **\$** 10,403,510 **\$** 8,299,083 **\$** 55,850,106 **\$** 7,633,044 **\$** 2,213,395 **\$** 84,399,138 **\$** 80,836,363 -**NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE** 9,935,403 \$ 10,852,597 \$ 11,665,176 \$ 74,534,211 \$ 7,479,066 \$ 1,019,196 **\$115,485,649** \$113,226,855 **CAPITAL ASSETS** \$ 2021 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS \$ 9,935,403 \$ 11,102,300 \$ 10,865,411 \$ 72,297,125 \$ 7,937,382 \$ 1,089,234 \$113,226,855

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Schedule of Property and Other Taxes Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Schedule 2)

	Budget (Unaudited)	2022	2021
TAXATION			
Real property taxes	\$ 15,773,515	\$ 15,768,817	\$ 15,085,889
Linear property taxes	449,478	448,753	441,092
Government grants in place of property taxes Special assessments and local improvement	220,610	220,610	216,869
taxes	615,225	614,199	614,199
	17,058,828	17,052,379	16,358,049
REQUISITIONS			
ASFF School Foundation Requisition	3,370,055	3,384,803	3,371,604
Living Waters Catholic Schools Requisition	403,738	388,991	402,067
Evergreens Seniors Foundation	666,564	666,564	567,737
Designated Industrial Property	6,510	6,508	5,537
	4,446,867	4,446,866	4,346,945
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	<u>\$ 12,611,961</u>	\$ 12,605,513	\$ 12,011,104

See notes to financial statements

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Schedule of Government Transfers Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Schedule 3)

	Budget (Unaudited)	2022	2021
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Federal government transfers Provincial government transfers Local government transfers	\$ 187,570 1,136,410 <u> 5,320,043</u>	\$	\$ 74,475 864,179 5,327,669
	6,644,023	6,912,587	6,266,323
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL Federal government transfers Provincial government transfers Local government transfers	20,000,000 4,793,622 175,000	49,678 3,160,934 438,252	1,815,155 327,609
	24,968,622	3,648,864	2,142,764
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 31,612,645	\$ 10,561,451	\$ 8,409,087

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Schedule of Expenses by Object Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Schedule 4)

	Budget (Unaudited)	2022	2021
EXPENSES			
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 9,874,075	\$ 9,249,736	\$ 9,044,346
Contracted and general services	7,001,412	5,715,133	5,155,388
Purchases from other governments	2,666,225	3,288,943	2,640,894
Materials, goods, supplies, and utilities	2,862,160	2,903,944	2,898,754
Transfers to local boards and agencies	340,450	340,450	330,000
Transfers to individuals and organizations	486,008	469,164	421,694
Bank charges and short-term interest	26,000	31,661	22,649
Interest on capital long-term debt	363,642	399,666	437,344
Other expenditures	715,540	336,244	452,681
Amortization of tangible capital assets	4,002,500	4,145,965	4,097,088
Net loss on sale of tangible capital assets	-	72,970	8,547
	\$ 28,338,012	\$ 26,953,876	\$ 25,509,385

See notes to financial statements 11

TOWN OF EDSON Consolidated Schedule of Segmented Disclosure Year Ended December 31, 2022

Protective Parks and General Administration Services Infrastructure Utilities Recreation Other 2022 REVENUES \$ \$ \$ \$ Net municipal taxes \$ 12,605,513 \$ \$ \$ 12,605,513 -_ --Government operating transfers 4,777,220 77,915 393,857 178,419 188,965 923,209 373,002 6,912,587 User fees and sales of goods 76,926 30,788 130,415 5,165,652 256,658 59,479 5,719,918 Investment income 633,304 5,534 638,838 --Penalties and costs of taxes 148,759 148,759 _ _ _ Licenses and permits 56.524 14.754 71.278 Fines _ 978,969 978.969 _ _ _ -Franchise Fees 1,008,126 1,008,126 _ _ Rentals 35.505 77,868 318.147 246.600 678.120 _ **Development levies** 202.134 202.134 -Other revenue 1.817 25 40,747 27,955 70.544 **WYRWMA** 883,803 883,803 _ -_ -67.927 2.000 Gains on sale of tangible capital assets 69,927 _ _ _ 19.172.922 192,163 1.460.163 495,376 6,240,420 1,525,969 901,503 29,988,516 **EXPENSES** Salaries, wages and benefits 2.121.373 1.064.714 1.920.899 1.043.577 2.491.768 607.405 9.249.736 Contracted and general services 871.951 716.039 1,097,375 1,947,837 653.476 428.455 5.715.133 _ Purchases from other governments 430 3.284.010 4,503 3,288,943 -Materials, goods, supplies, and utilities 144.307 109.199 1,367,738 661.669 558.659 62.372 2.903.944 Transfers to local boards and agencies 340,450 340,450 -Transfers to individuals and organizations 32,208 54,000 382,956 469,164 --Bank charges and short-term interest 12,003 5,951 13,707 31,661 --Interest on capital long-term debt 80,344 319,322 399,666 Other expenditures 98,009 1,099 97,331 34,345 336,244 99,120 6,340 Amortization of tangible capital assets 23,062 86,274 1,920,714 1,477,259 457,040 181,616 4,145,965 Net loss on sale of tangible capital assets 42,532 23,434 3,740 3,264 72,970 -3,271,135 5,336,075 6,509,624 5,465,695 4,329,245 2,042,102 26,953,876 -EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER **EXPENSES** \$ 19.172.922 \$ (3,078,972) \$ (3,875,912) \$ (6,014,248) \$ 774,725 \$ (2,803,276) \$ (1,140,599) **\$ 3,034,640**

See notes to financial statements

(Schedule 5)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Edson are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting polices adopted by the town are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the town and are, therefore, accountable to the town council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Included with the municipality is twenty five percent of the West Yellowhead Regional Waste Management Authority which is recorded using the proportionate consolidation method.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant estimates in these financial statements include:

- providing for amortization of tangible capital assets
- certain assumptions used in determining the provision for landfill closure and post closure costs

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and temporary investments

Cash includes cash and temporary investments. Temporary investments are investments in guaranteed investment certificates with a term of less than one year. They are valued at cost.

Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on an average cost basis.

Land for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads and sidewalks are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the town is required to fund the closure of its landfill site and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and postclosure activities include the final clay cover, landscaping, as well as surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection. The requirement is being provided for over the estimated remaining life of the landfill site based on usage.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

1. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

2. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

3. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value with cost being determined on an average cost basis.

4. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives at the following rates:

Land Improvements	10-50 years
Buildings	25-50 years
Engineered Structures	
Water system	45-75 years
Wastewater system	45-75 years
Other engineered	10-75 years
structures	
Machinery and equipment	5-40 years
Vehicles	10-25 years

Amortization is charged on a monthly basis, starting in the month after the asset is purchased or construction is complete. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

TOWN OF EDSON Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

	2022	2021
Cash Temporary investments Investment (WYRWMA)	\$ 30,996,248 6,156,749 -	\$ 26,433,376 6,046,814 419,323
	\$ 37,152,997	\$ 32,899,513

Temporary investments are short-term deposits with original maturities of one year or less. Included in the above balances are \$9,118,059 (2021 - \$8,170,662) of funds which are restricted in use for future capital projects (note 6) and the public reserve trust.

The temporary investments have a fair market value of \$6,270,048 (2021 - \$6,043,949). Temporary investments have effective interest rates ranging from 3.46% to 3.85% (2021 - 0.25% to 0.80%) and mature June 2023.

Investment (WYRWMA) consist of the town's 25% share of the investment of the authority which is a demand savings account bearing interest at rates from 1% to 2.5% (2021 - 1% to 2.5%) and requires 90 days notice prior to withdrawal. The carrying value of the investments approximates the fair market value due to the short term nature of the investments.

3. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

	 2022	2021
Current tax receivable Tax arrears	\$ 561,698 256,820	\$ 660,336 203,525
Subtotal Allowance for doubtful accounts	 818,518 (66,242)	863,861 (66,242)
	\$ 752,276	\$ 797,619

4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
Trade accounts receivable GST receivable Accounts receivable WYRWMA	\$ 2,905,250 251,887 <u> 58,671</u>	\$ 2,670,945 292,288 60,761
Subtotal	3,215,808	3,023,994
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(28,114)	(28,114 <u>)</u>
	<u>\$ 3,187,694</u>	\$ 2,995,880

TOWN OF EDSON Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

5. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

	 2022	2021
Long term investments	\$ 4,125,944	\$ 4,167,544

Long term investments consist of bonds bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.1% to 2.55% and mature between December 2025 and June 2027. The bonds have a market value of \$3,759,880 (2021 - \$4,099,208).

6. DEFERRED REVENUE

	 2022	2021
Alberta Community Resilience Program grant BMTG grant Federal Gas Tax Fund MSI Grant - capital Other conditional government grants Prepaid local improvement charges Unearned revenue	\$ 1,878,842 - 588,244 6,004,273 152,008 179,151 65,949	\$ 1,969,640 1,021,765 377,235 4,106,786 112,221 234,426 103,705
	\$ 8,868,467	\$ 7,925,778

Prepaid local improvement charges are being amortized to revenue at various rates over the next fifteen years.

The use of conditional government grants is restricted to eligible capital projects, as approved under the funding agreements, which are scheduled for completion in 2023-2024. These unexpended funds are supported by restricted cash balances.

7. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITY

Alberta environmental law requires closure and post-closure care of landfill sites, which includes final covering and landscaping, pumping of ground water and leachates from the site, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspections and maintenance.

The estimated total liability is based on the sum of the discounted future cash flows for closure and post-closure activites for 25 years after closure using an interest rate of 2% and assuming annual inflation of 3%.

The accrued liability portion is based on the cumulative capacity used at year end compared to the estimated total landfill capacity. The current landfill site consists of an actively used cell for dry waste disposal and land available for potential future expansion. The expansion of the existing site has an estimated remaining capacity of 280,350 tonnes and is expected to reach capacity in 2046.

The town has not designated assets for settling post-closure liabilities.

	 2022	2021
Estimated closure costs Estimated post-closure costs	\$ 2,104,300 2,981,000	\$ 2,104,300 2,981,000
	\$ 5,085,300	\$ 5,085,300
Estimated capacity remaining Portion of the closure and post closure liability remaining	46.87 %	47.23 %
to be recognized	\$ 2,383,480	\$ 2,401,787
Estimated capacity used Estimated closure and post closure liability	\$ 53.13 % 2,701,820	\$ 52.77 % 2,683,513
Estimated closure and post closure liability Less: Yellowhead County contribution Closure costs incurred to date Other	\$ 2,701,820 (584,576) (331,536) 12,152	\$ 2,683,513 (573,973) (331,536) 19,856
	\$ 1,797,860	\$ 1,797,860

The Yellowhead County has entered into an agreement with the Town of Edson whereby the County has committed to sharing the future landfill closure costs based on 35% of the closure costs prorated for the years the County has used the landfill.

TOWN OF EDSON Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

	 2022	2021
Debentures	\$ 9,983,666	\$ 10,869,098
Capital leases	513,047	716,785
Subtotal	 10,496,713	11,585,883
Less: Current portion	(1,007,866)	(1,089,170)
	\$ 9,488,847	\$ 10,496,713

Principal and interest payments are due as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
1,007,866 838,869 869,129 755,028 750,197 6,275,624	\$ 356,196 317,682 285,547 254,020 226,919 928,613	\$ 1,364,062 1,156,551 1,154,676 1,009,048 977,116 7,204,237
10,496,713	\$ 2,368,977	\$ 12,865,690
	838,869 869,129 755,028 750,197	838,869317,682869,129285,547755,028254,020750,197226,9196,275,624928,613

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Financing Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 2.229% to 5.875% per annum, and mature in periods 2023 through 2036. Long-term debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town at large.

Capital leases are repayable in blended monthly instalments of \$19,512, bear interest at rates ranging from 4.769% to 5.19% and mature in periods 2023 through 2028.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$394,048 (2021 - \$437,515).

The town's total cash payments for interest in 2022 were \$399,666 (2021 - \$442,738).

TOWN OF EDSON Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

9. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Edson be disclosed as follows:

	2022	2021
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 44,982,774 (10,496,713)	\$ 44,331,015 (11,585,883)
Amount of debt limit unused	\$ 34,486,061	\$ 32,745,132
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 7,497,129 (1,364,062)	\$ 7,388,503 (1,488,836)
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 6,133,067	\$ 5,899,667

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulations 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

10. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2022	2021
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 1) Long-term debt (Note 8)	\$199,884,787 (84,399,138) <u>(10,496,713)</u>	\$194,063,218 (80,836,363) (11,585,883)
	\$104,988,936	\$101,640,972

11. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2022	2021
Unrestricted surplus WYRWMA - restricted surplus Restricted surplus - operating Restricted surplus - capital Equity in tangible capital assets	\$ 1,291,915 1,586,522 3,975,899 26,299,441 104,988,936	\$ 1,090,319 903,943 3,951,328 23,872,647 101,640,972
	\$138,142,713	\$131,459,209

12. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer (CAO) and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	 Salary	Benefits	2022	2021
Mayor K. Zahara	\$ 49,000	\$ -	\$ 49,000	\$ 45,700
Councilor K. Baier Councilor T. Bevan Councilor G. Chouinard Councilor J. Currie Councilor E. Moore Councilor G. Pasychny Councilor T. Sorensen Councilor P. Taylor	28,375 28,200 28,200 - 28,200 28,200 - 28,200		28,375 28,200 28,200 - 28,200 28,200 - 28,200	27,065 26,800 26,800 22,333 5,105 5,105 22,333 5,105
Councilor J. Wilkinson CAO	- 185,228	- 29,470	- 214,698	22,333 119,742

Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

Benefits figure includes employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

Benefits figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, travel allowances and car allowances.

13. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The Plan serves about 281,764 members and 435 employers as at December 2021. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 8.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan, and 12.80% of pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town of Edson to the LAPP were \$542,485 (2021 - \$558,149). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town of Edson to the LAPP were \$499,471 (2021 - \$504,180).

As at December 31, 2021, the Plan disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$11.9 billion.

14. TRUST ASSETS

The town is holding funds in trust for community organizations in the amount of \$58,560 (2021 - \$51,420). These amounts are not included in the assets or liabilities of the town.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value

The town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deposit liabilities. The carrying value of these instruments approximate their fair value due to their immediate or short term maturity.

The carrying value of the long term debt approximates the fair value as the interest rates are consistent with the current rates offered to the municipality for debt with similar terms.

Credit Risk

The town is subject to credit risk from taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Interest Rate

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its investment in government bonds.

It is management's opinion that the town is not exposed to significant interest or credit risk arising from these financial statements.

16. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The municipality has a number of long term operating leases for equipment. Future minimum lease payments as at year end are as follows:

2023 2024	\$ 57,340 29,340
	\$ 86,680

17. COMMITMENTS

The town has entered an agreement for waste collection ending August 31, 2023.

The town has entered into contracts for future costs associated with capital projects totalling \$2,811,751. These costs are expected to be incurred in the 2023 fiscal year.

The town has committed to contributing funds to other organizations totalling \$571,102.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The Town of Edson is a member of MUNIX. Under the terms of membership, the Town of Edson could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

The Town of Edson is a partner in the West Yellowhead Regional Waste Management Authority. The town will be liable for its share of any future unfunded landfill reclamation costs.

The lagoons owned by the town will be subject to reclamation at a future date.

19. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and management have approved these financial statements.